

**In the Claims:**

Please cancel claims 1-37 herein.

Claims 1-37 (Cancelled).

Please add new claims 38-44 as follows:

38. (New) A method to facilitate weight loss for a patient not suffering from depression, said method comprising:
- A. administration of Citalopram;
  - B. administration of Diethylpropion; and
  - C. administration of 5-Hydroxytryptophan and Tyrosine wherein said Citalopram and said Diethylpropion are administered in an effective therapeutic range to effectuate weight loss, said effective therapeutic range comprising:
    - i. the administration of 10mg of said Citalopram each day for a period of 6 days followed by the administration of a daily dosage of between 10mg and 80mg of said Citalopram; and
    - ii. the administration of 25mg of said Diethylpropion each day for said period of 6 days followed by the administration of a daily dosage of between 25mg and 75mg of said Diethylpropion until a target weight for said patient is obtained
39. (New) The method according to claim 38 further comprising the administration of an effective amount of Phentermine each day.
40. (New) The method according to claim 39 further comprising the administration of Vitamin B6 each day.
41. (New) The method according to claim 40 further comprising the administration of vitamin C each day.
42. (New) The method according to claim 41 further comprising the administration of a multivitamin, calcium and Lysine each day.
43. (New) The method according to claim 42 further comprising the administration of:
- A. 50 mg to 900 mg of 5-Hydroxytryptophan each day;

- B. 2 mg to 150 mg of vitamin B6 each day;
  - C. 50 mg to 2000 mg of vitamin C each day;
  - D. 50 mg to 4000 mg of Tyrosine each day;
  - E. 50 mg to 2000 mg of calcium each day; and
  - F. 50 mg to 2000 mg of Lysine each day
44. (New) The method according to claim 38, further comprising:
- A. Calculating when a patient experiences low weight loss, said low weight loss being defined by said patient weight at a previous visit plus said patient current weight first divided by 2 and then multiplied by 10, less said current patient weight, less said patient weight at said previous visit, multiplied by 3500, divided by the number of days between said previous visit and said current weight for the provision of a first sum;
  - B. calculating a second sum by multiplying a patient goal weight by 10 and then divided .8929;
  - C. comparing said first sum to said second sum where said low weight loss occurs when said first sum is larger than said second sum; and
  - D. increasing the daily dosage of said Citalopram and said Diethylpropion when said patient experiences low weight loss.